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B.A. LL.B (VIII Sem.)  
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Paper-8.38

**B.A. LL.B. (VIII Semester)**  
**EXAMINATION, 2016**  
(Five Year Integrated Course)  
Paper 8.38

**ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

Time allowed : Three hours

Maximum marks : 80

*All questions of Parts-A and B are compulsory. Attempt any three questions from Part-C.*

**Part-A**

Answer the following questions in one sentence each :  $10 \times 2$

1. Meaning of Dispute.
2. Meaning of Negotiation
3. Importance of A.D.R.
4. Importance of Foreign Arbitral Award
5. What is the relevance of Geneva Convention, 1928 ?
6. What is the purpose of UNCITRAL ?
7. Whether Panchayats are the parts of A.D.R. ?
8. When did the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 come into force ?
9. Meaning of Arbitration Agreement.
10. What is importance of conciliation ?

**Part-B**

Answer the following questions in 4-5 lines each :  $4 \times 6$

11. What is the role and effectiveness of NGOs in ADR ?  
Give examples.

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12. Discuss the shortcomings of Arbitration Act, 1940.
13. When an expert can be appointed by Arbitral Tribunal and with what utility?
14. What are the aims and objectives of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996?

### Part-C

Answer the following questions in 400 words each. Attempt any three : 3 × 12

15. Discuss the objects, functioning and achievement of Lok Adalats in India.
16. Explain and compare the conciliation proceedings under C.P.C., Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and Family Disputes.
17. Discuss the composition, jurisdiction working and effectiveness of Arbitration Tribunals in India. Give examples in support of your answer.
18. Write notes on the following :
  - (i) Enforcement of Foreign Awards
  - (ii)

B.A.L.L.B. (VIII Sem.) (Integ.)  
8.38

Roll No. 188 C 209

B.A.L.L.B. (VIII Semester) EXAMINATION, 2018  
(Five Year Integrated Course)  
Paper 8.38

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ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Note : Write your roll number on question paper before start writing answers of questions.  
All questions of Parts A and B are compulsory. Attempt any three questions from Part - C

Maximum Marks : 80

PART - A

1. Define 'Arbitration'.
2. What do you mean by 'Lok Adalat'?
3. Define 'Conciliation'.
4. Define 'Arbitration Agreement'.
5. What is UNCITRAL?
6. Define 'International Commercial Arbitration'?
7. Define 'Mediation'.
8. What do you mean by 'Arbitrator'?
9. What do you mean by Alternative Dispute Resolution System?
10. Define 'Arbitral Tribunal'.

10x2=20

PART - B

11. Write the distinction between Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) and Judicial Dispute Resolution.
12. What are the aims and objects of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996?
13. Write a short note on the Appointment and Role of Conciliators under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.
14. Write a short note on 'Role of NGOs in Dispute Settlement'.

4x6=24

PART - C

15. Discuss the salient features of Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987.
16. What do you mean Foreign Arbitral Award? Discuss the enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award.
17. Discuss the Composition and Jurisdiction of the Arbitral Tribunal.
18. Discuss the Form and Contents of Arbitral Award. Discuss the grounds for setting aside an Arbitral Award.

3x12=36

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15. What are the grounds of setting aside an Award?
16. Write a note on "Role of NGOs in Dispute settlement".
17. Write a critical note on the working and utility of Lok Adalats.
18. Discuss the Organization and functions of National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission.

### PART-B

Answer the following questions in 6-7 lines each. Each question carries 4 marks.

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- ✓ 11. What are the legal provisions regarding enforcement of foreign Awards?
- ✓ 12. Which matters cannot be settled through Arbitration?
- ✓ 13. Explain the Panchayat system in India?
- ✓ 14. Explain the composition of the Arbitration Tribunal?

### PART-C

Answer any three of the following questions in about 400 words each. Each question carries 8 marks.

[3×8

- ✓ 15. What are the shortcomings of the Arbitration Act 1940 and factors leading to the Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996?
- ✓ 16. Explain the UNCITRAL model Law?
17. What are the grounds of setting aside an award?
18. Explain the provisions related with conciliation in C.P.C. 1908?

Ans

✓ ✓ ✓

B.A. LL.B. (VIII Semester) EXAMINATION, 2019  
(Five - Year Integrated Course)  
Paper 838

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

*Diksha Mishra*

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Note: All questions of Parts - A and B are compulsory. Attempt any three questions from Part - C.  
Write your roll number on question paper before start writing answers of questions.

Maximum Marks: 80

PART - A

10x2 = 20

1. Define Negotiation.
2. Which type of cases are dealt in Lok Adalat?
3. When was the Geneva convention enforced?
4. Write down the provision related with Conciliation in C.P.C 1908.
5. When was the New York convention enforced?
6. In which year Legal services Authority Act was enforced?
7. What are the Kinds of Award?
8. Define an Arbitral Award.
9. Define Foreign Award.
10. Define International Commercial Arbitration.

PART - B

4x6 = 24

11. What are the historic perspectives of ADR in ancient India?
12. Explain the Composition of the "Arbitration tribunal".
13. Distinguish a Foreign award from a Domestic award.
14. Write short notes on "Law of Costs in Conciliation Proceedings".

Answer the following questions in *one* sentence each

10×2=20

1. What is the importance of Mechanism of Dispute Resolution ADRs in resolving a dispute ?
2. State the alternatives to Judicial Process.
3. What is the major difference between Domestic Arbitration Award and Foreign Arbitration Award ?
4. What are the grounds on which an appointment of Arbitrator can be challenged ?
5. Write *two* provisions on which arbitration award can be set aside by the court under Section 34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.
6. State the section and provision in which judicial authority has the power to refer parties to arbitration under New York Convention 1958.
7. What is the status of foreign award under Geneva Convention 1928.
8. What is the role of NGOs in settlement of a Dispute between parties.

Write down the Constitution of Lok Adalat Forum under Legal Services Authority Act.

10. What is settlement agreement in conciliation proceedings.

### Part B

Answer the following questions in 4-5 lines each :

4×5=24

11. What is the role of conciliator ?
12. What do you mean by an Arbitration Agreement ?
13. State the provision regarding settlement in arbitration proceeding with particular section.
14. What are the contents and form of an Arbitral award ?

### Part C

Answer the following questions in 400 words each.

Attempt any *three* of your choice

3×12=36

15. What shall correction and interpretation of an arbitral award; additional award state under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.



This question paper contains 2 printed pages/

Sl.No. 0106

Roll No. 172001

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B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) (VIII Sem.)

B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) (VIII Semester) EXAMINATION, 2017

Paper 8.44

**ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50

Note: - Write your roll numbers on question paper before start writing answers of questions.

*All questions of Parts-A and B are compulsory. Attempt any three questions from Part-C.*

**PART-A**

Answer the following questions in one sentence each. Each question carries 1 mark. [10×1=10]

1. When International Commercial Arbitration was adopted?
2. Define Domestic Award?
3. Define Conciliation?
4. What is the importance of a mediator?
5. What are the ancient forms of ADR?
6. Who will decide the numbers of the Arbitrator?
7. When was the Geneva convention enforced?
8. When Legal Services Authority Act was enforced?
9. When was the New York convention enforced?
10. Who appoints the conciliator?

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